T P C 3+1 0 3

## MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### Unit – I:

(\*The Learning objective of this Unit is to understand the concept and nature of Managerial Economic s and its relationship with other disciplines, Concept of Demand and Demand forecasting)

#### Introduction to Managerial Economics and demand Analysis:

Definition of Managerial Economics and Scope-Managerial Economics and its relation with other subjects-Concepts of Demand-Types-Determents-Law of Demand its Exception-Elasticity of Demand-Types and Measurement-Demand forecasting and its Methods.

(\*\*The Learner is equipped with the knowledge of estimating the Demand for a product and the relationship between Price and Demand).

#### Unit – II:

#### (\*The Learning objective of this Unit is to understand the concept of Production function, Input Output relationship, different Cost Concepts and Concept of Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis)

#### **Production and Cost Analyses:**

Production function-Isoquants and Isocosts-Law of Variable proportions-Cobb-Douglas Production function-Economics of Sale-Cost Concepts-Opportunity Cost-Fixed vs Variable Costs-Explicit Costs vs Implicit Costs-Out of Pocket Costs vs Imputed Costs-Cost Volume Profit analysis-Determination of Break-Even Point (Simple Problem).

(\*\*One should understand the Cost Concepts for decision making and to estimate the least cost combination of inputs).

#### Unit – III:

(\*The Learning Objective of this Unit is t understand the Nature of Competition, Characteristics of Pricing in the different market structure and significance of various pricing methods).

#### Introduction to Markets, Theories of the Firm & Pricing Policies:

Market Structures: Perfect Competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic and Oligopoly – Features – Price, Output Determination – Managerial Theories of firm: Maris and Williamson's models – Methods of Pricing: Limit Pricing, Market Skimming Pricing, Internet Pricing: Flat Rate Pricing, Usage sensitive, Transaction based pricing, Priority Pricing.

(\*\* One has to understand the nature of different markets and Price Output determination under various market conditions).

## Unit – IV:

#### (\*The Learning objective of this Unit is to know the different forms of Business organization and their Merits and Demerits both public & private Enterprises and the concepts of Business Cycles)

### Types of Business Organization and Business Cycles:

Features and Evaluation of Sole Trader – Partnership – Joint Stock Company – State/Public Enterprises and their forms – Business Cycles – Meaning and Features – Phases of Business Cycle.

(\*\*One should equipped with the knowledge of different Business Units)

### Unit – V:

#### (\*The Learning objective of this Unit is to understand the different Accounting Systems preparation of Financial Statements and uses of different tools for performance evaluation)

#### Introduction to Accounting & Financing Analysis:

Introduction to Double Entry Systems – Preparation of Financial Statements-Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements-Ratio Analysis – Preparation of Funds flow cash flow statements (Simple Problems).

(\*\*The Learner is able to prepare Financial Statements and the usage of various Accounting tools for Analysis).

## Unit – VI:

(\*The Learning objective of this Unit is to understand the concept of Capital, Capitalization, Capital Budgeting and to know the techniques used to evaluate Capital Budgeting proposals by using different methods).

**Capital and Capital Budgeting:** Capital Budgeting: Meaning of Capital-Capitalization-Meaning of Capital Budgeting-Need for Capital Budgeting-Trachtional and Modern Methods.

(\*\*The Learner is able to evaluate various investment project proposals with the help of capital budgeting techniques for decision making).

Note : \*Learning Objective

\*\* Learning Assessment

## **TEXT BOOKS :**

1. Dr. N. Appa Rao, Dr. P. Vijay Kumar: 'Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis', Cengage Publications, New Delhi – 2011.

- 2. Dr. A. R. Aryasri Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, TMH 2011.
- 3. Prof. J.V.Prabhakara rao, Prof. P. Venkatarao. 'Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis', Ravindra Publication.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. V. Maheswari : Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand.
- 2. Suma Damodaran : Managerial Economics, Oxford 2011.
- 3. Dr. B. Kuberudu and Dr. T. V. Ramana : Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis, Himalaya Publishing House 2011.
- 4. Vanitha Agarwal : Managerial Economics, Pearson Publications 2011.
- 5. Sanjay Dhameja : Financial Accounting for Managers, Pearson.
- 6. Maheswari : Financial Accounting, Vikas Publications.
- 7. S. A. Siddiqui & A. S. Siddiqui : Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age International Publishers, 2012.

#### T P C 3+1 0 3

## ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS

#### UNIT-I

**Semi Conductor Physics :** Insulators, Semi conductors and Metals classification using energy band diagrams, mobility and conductivity, electrons and holes in intrinsic semi conductors, extrinsic semi conductors, drift and diffusion, charge densities in semiconductors, Hall effect, continuity equation, law of junction, Fermi Dirac function, Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic Semiconductors.

#### UNIT- II

**Junction Diode Characteristics :** Open circuited p-n junction, Biased p-n junction, p-n junction diode, current components in PN junction Diode, diode equation, V-I Characteristics, temperature dependence on V-I characteristics, Diode resistance, Diode capacitance, energy band diagram of PN junction Diode.

**Special Semiconductor Devices**: Zener Diode, Breakdown mechanisms, Zener diode applications, LED, LCD, Photo diode, Varactor diode, Tunnel Diode, DIAC, TRIAC, SCR, UJT. Construction, operation and characteristics of all the diodes is required to be considered.

#### UNIT- III

**Rectifiers and Filters:** Basic Rectifier setup, half wave rectifier, full wave rectifier, bridge rectifier, derivations of characteristics of rectifiers, rectifier circuits-operation, input and output waveforms; Filters; Inductor filter, Capacitor filter, L- section filter,  $\Pi$ - section filter, Multiple L- section and Multiple  $\Pi$  section filter ,comparison of various filter circuits in terms of ripple factors.

#### UNIT- IV

#### **Transistor Characteristics:**

**BJT:** Junction transistor, transistor current components, transistor equation, transistor configurations, transistor as an amplifier, characteristics of transistor in Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector configurations, Ebers-Moll model of a transistor, punch through/ reach through, Photo transistor, typical transistor junction voltage values.

**FET:** FET types, construction, operation, characteristics, parameters, MOSFET-types, construction, operation, characteristics, comparison between JFET and MOSFET.

## UNIT- V

**Transistor Biasing and Thermal Stabilization :** Need for biasing, operating point, load line analysis, BJT biasing- methods, basic stability, fixed bias, collector to base bias, self bias, Stabilization against variations in  $V_{BE}$ , Ic, and  $\beta$ , Stability factors, (S, S', S'), Bias compensation, Thermal runaway, Thermal stability. FET Biasing- methods and stabilization.

## UNIT- VI

## Small Signal Low Frequency Transistor Amplifier Models:

**BJT:** Two port network, Transistor hybrid model, determination of hparameters, conversion of h-parameters, generalized analysis of transistor amplifier model using h-parameters, Analysis of CB, CE and CC amplifiers using exact and approximate analysis, Comparison of transistor amplifiers.

**FET:** Generalized analysis of small signal model, Analysis of CG, CS and CD amplifiers, comparison of FET amplifiers.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits- J. Millman, C. Halkias, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, Second Edition.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits-B.P.Singh, Rekha Singh, Pearson Publications, Second Edition.
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits-David A.Bell, Oxford University Press, Fifth Edition.

## **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits- K. Satya Prasad.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits-Salivahanan, Kumar, Vallavaraj, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, Second Edition .
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory-R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, Pearson Publications, Tenth Edition.
- Electronic Devices and Circuits -BV Rao, KBR Murty, K Raja Rajeswari, PCR Pantulu, Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- Integrated Electronics- Jacob Millman, C. Halkies, C.D. Parikh, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2009.

#### T P C 3+1 0 3

## DATA STRUCTURES

**Objectives:** Comprehensive knowledge of data structures and ability to implement the same in software applications.

#### **UNIT I:**

## Objective: exposure to algorithmic complexities, recursive algorithms, searching and sorting techniques

Preliminaries of algorithm, Algorithm analysis and complexity

Data structure- Definition, types of data structures

Recursion: Definition, Design Methodology and Implementation of recursive algorithms, Linear and binary recursion, recursive algorithms for factorial function, GCD computation, Fibonacci sequence, Towers of Hanoi, Tail recursion.

List Searches using Linear Search, Binary Search, Fibonacci Search

**Sorting Techniques:** Basic concepts, Sorting by : insertion (Insertion sort), selection (heap sort), exchange (bubble sort, quick sort), distribution (radix sort) and merging (merge sort) Algorithms.

#### UNIT II:

#### Objectives: Applying stack and queue techniques for logical operations

**Stacks and Queues:** Basic Stack Operations, Representation of a Stack using Arrays, Stack Applications: Reversing list, Factorial Calculation, Infix to postfix Transformation, Evaluating Arithmetic Expressions.

**Queues:** Basic Queues Operations, Representation of a Queue using array, Implementation of Queue Operations using Stack, Applications of Queues-Round robin Algorithm, Circular Queues, Priority Queues.

#### **UNIT III:**

## Objectives: Exposure to list representation models in various types of applications

**Linked Lists:** Introduction, single linked list, representation of a linked list in memory, Operations on a single linked list, Reversing a single linked list, applications of single linked list to represent polynomial expressions and sparse matrix manipulation, Advantages and disadvantages of single linked list, Circular linked list, Double linked list

## UNIT IV:

## **Objectives: Implementation of tree implementation in various forms**

**Trees:** Basic tree concepts, Binary Trees: Properties, Representation of Binary Trees using arrays and linked lists, operations on a Binary tree, Binary Tree Traversals (recursive), Creation of binary tree from in, pre and post order traversals

## UNIT-V:

# Objectives: Advanced understanding of other variants of trees and their operations.

Advanced concepts of Trees: Tree Travels using stack (non recursive), Threaded Binary Trees. Binary search tree, Basic concepts, BST operations: insertion, deletion, Balanced binary trees – need, basics and applications in computer science (No operations).

## UNIT VI:

# Objectives: orientation on graphs, representation of graphs, graph traversals, spanning trees.

**Graphs:** Basic concepts, Representations of Graphs: using Linked list and adjacency matrix, Graph algorithms.

Graph Traversals (BFS & DFS), applications: Dijkstra's shortest path, Transitive closure, Minimum Spanning Tree using Prim's Algorithm, warshall's Algorithm (Algorithemic Concepts Only, No Programs required).

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Data Structure with C, Seymour Lipschutz, TMH
- 2. Data Structures using C,Reema Thareja, Oxford
- 3. Data Structures, 2/e, Richard F, Gilberg , Forouzan, Cengage
- 4. Data structures and algorithm analysis in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed, mark allen weiss

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Data Structures and Algorithms, 2008, G.A.V.Pai, TMH
- 2. Classic Data Structures, 2/e, Debasis ,Samanta,PHI,2009
- 3. Fundamentals of Data Structure in C, 2/e, Horowitz, Sahni, Anderson Freed, University Prees.

T P C 3 0 3

## **ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

#### **Course Learning Objectives:**

The objectives of the course is to impart

- 1. Overall understanding of the natural resources
- 2. Basic understanding of the ecosystem and its diversity
- 3. Acquaintance on various environmental challenges induced due to unplanned anthropogenic activities
- 4. An understanding of the environmental impact of developmental activities
- 5. Awareness on the social issues, environmental legislation and global treaties

#### **Course Outcomes:**

The student should have knowledge on

- 1. The natural resources and their importance for the sustenance of the life and recognise the need to conserve the natural resources
- 2. The concepts of the ecosystem and its function in the environment. The need for protecting the producers and consumers in various ecosystems and their role in the food web
- 3. The biodiversity of India and the threats to biodiversity, and conservation practices to protect the biodiversity
- 4. Various attributes of the pollution and their impacts and measures to reduce or control the pollution along with waste management practices
- 5. Social issues both rural and urban environment and the possible means to combat the challenges
- 6. The environmental legislations of India and the first global initiatives towards sustainable development.
- 7. About environmental assessment and the stages involved in EIA and the environmental audit

#### Syllabus:

## UNIT - I

**Multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies:** Definition, Scope and Importance –Sustainability: Stockholm and Rio Summit–Global Environmental Challenges: Global warming and climate change, acid rains,

ozone layer depletion, population growth and explosion, effects. Role of information Technology in Environment and human health.

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an ecosystem. - Structure and function of an ecosystem. - Producers, consumers and decomposers. - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession. - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. - Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems.

## UNIT - II

Natural Resources: Natural resources and associated problems

Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people.

Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

**Mineral resources:** Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources.

**Food resources:** World food problems, changes caused by non-agriculture activities-effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity.

**Energy resources:** Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources use of alternate energy sources.

**Land resources:** Land as a resource, land degradation, Wasteland reclamation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

## UNIT - III

**Biodiversity and its conservation:** Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity- classification - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social-Biodiversity at national and local levels. India as a mega-diversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, man-wildlife conflicts. - Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: conservation of biodiversity.

## UNIT - IV

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Noise pollution, Nuclear

hazards. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. - Pollution case studies.

**Solid Waste Management:** Sources, classification, effects and control measures of urban and industrial solid wastes. Consumerism and waste products.

#### UNIT - V

**Social Issues and the Environment:** Urban problems related to energy -Water conservation, rain water harvesting-Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions. Environmental Protection Act -Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. –Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act -Wildlife Protection Act -Forest Conservation Act-Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation. -Public awareness.

#### UNIT - VI

**Environmental Management**: Impact Assessment and its significance various stages of EIA, preparation of EMP and EIS, Environmental audit. Ecotourism.

The student should submit a report individually on any issues related to Environmental Studies course and make a power point presentation.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Environmental Studies by R. Rajagopalan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011, Oxford University Press.
- 2. A Textbook of Environmental Studies by Shaashi Chawla, TMH, New Delhi.
- 3. Environmental Studies by P.N. Palanisamy, P. Manikandan, A. Geetha, and K. Manjula Rani; Pearson Education, Chennai.

#### **Reference:**

- 1. Text Book of Environmental Studies by Deeshita Dave & P. Udaya Bhaskar, Cengage Learning.
- 2. Environmental Studies by K.V.S.G. Murali Krishna, VGS Publishers, Vijayawada.
- 3. Environmental Studies by Benny Joseph, Tata McGraw Hill Co, New Delhi.
- 4. Environmental Studies by Piyush Malaviya, Pratibha Singh, Anoop singh: Acme Learning, New Delhi.

#### T P C 3+1 0 3

#### SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

#### UNIT I

**SIGNAL ANALYSIS & FOURIER SERIES :** Analogy between vectors and signals, Orthogonal signal space, Signal approximation using orthogonal functions, Mean square error, Closed or complete set of orthogonal functions, Orthogonality in complex functions, Exponential and sinusoidal signals, Concepts of Impulse function, Unit step function, Signum function. Representation of Fourier series, Continuous time periodic signals, properties of Fourier series, Dirichlet's conditions, Trigonometric Fourier series and Exponential Fourier series, Complex Fourier spectrum.

## UNIT II

**FOURIER TRANSFORMS & SAMPLING:** Deriving Fourier transform from Fourier series, Fourier transform of arbitrary signal, Fourier transform of standard signals, Fourier transform of periodic signals, properties of Fourier transforms, Fourier transforms involving impulse function and Signum function. Introduction to Hilbert Transform. Sampling theorem – Graphical and analytical proof for Band Limited Signals, impulse sampling, Natural and Flat top Sampling, Reconstruction of signal from its samples, effect of under sampling – Aliasing, Introduction to Band Pass sampling.

#### UNIT III

**SIGNAL TRANSMISSION THROUGH LINEAR SYSTEMS :** Linear system, impulse response, Response of a linear system, Linear time invariant (LTI) system, Linear time variant (LTV) system, Transfer function of a LTI system. Filter characteristics of linear systems. Distortion less transmission through a system, Signal bandwidth, system bandwidth, Ideal LPF, HPF and BPF characteristics, Causality and Poly-Wiener criterion for physical realization, relationship between bandwidth and rise time.

#### UNIT IV

**CONVOLUTION AND CORRELATION OF SIGNALS :** Concept of convolution in time domain and frequency domain, Graphical representation of convolution, Convolution property of Fourier transforms. Cross

correlation and auto correlation of functions, properties of correlation function, Energy density spectrum, Parseval's theorem, Power density spectrum, Relation between auto correlation function and energy/power spectral density function. Relation between convolution and correlation, Detection of periodic signals in the presence of noise by correlation, Extraction of signal from noise by filtering.

## UNIT V

**LAPLACE TRANSFORMS :**Review of Laplace transforms, Partial fraction expansion, Inverse Laplace transform, Concept of region of convergence (ROC) for Laplace transforms, constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Properties of L.T's, Relation between L.T's, and F.T. of a signal. Laplace transform of certain signals using waveform synthesis.

## UNIT VI

**Z-TRANSFORMS :** Fundamental difference between continuous and discrete time signals, discrete time signal representation using complex exponential and sinusoidal components, Periodicity of discrete time using complex exponential signal, Concept of Z- Transform of a discrete sequence. Distinction between Laplace, Fourier and Z transforms. Region of convergence in Z-Transform, constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Inverse Z-transform, properties of Z-transforms.

## **TEXT BOOKS :**

- Signals, Systems & Communications B.P. Lathi, BS Publications, 2003.
- 2. Signals and Systems A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and S.H. Nawab, PHI, 2nd Edn.
- 3. Signals & Systems- Narayan Iyer and K Satya Prasad , Cenage Pub.

## **REFERENCES :**

- 1. Signals & Systems Simon Haykin and Van Veen, Wiley, 2nd Edition.
- 2. Signals and Systems K R Rajeswari
- 3. Fundamentals of Signals and Systems- Michel J. Robert, MGH International Edition, 2008.
- 4. Signals and Systems

#### T P C 3+1 0 3

## ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY

This course covers various topics related to principle of operation and performance of various electrical machines.

## Learning objectives:

- i. To learn the principle of electromechanical energy conversion of single excited and multi excited machines.
- ii. To understand the principle of operation, constructional details and operational characteristics of DC generators.
- iii. To understand the principle and characteristics of DC motors. To introduce starting and speed control methods of DC motors.
- iv. To learn the principle of operation and constructional details of transformers. Develop the equivalent circuit and evaluate the performance of transformers.
- v. To learn the principle of operation and constructional details of three phase induction motor. Study the torque slip characteristics and starting methods of induction motor.
- vi. To study the principle of operation of single phase induction motor, shaded pole motor, capacitor motor and AC servo motor.

## UNIT I

**ELECTROMECHANICAL ENERGY CONVERSION :** Introduction to S.I units – Principles of electromechanical energy conversion – forces and torque in a magnetic field systems-energy balance – single excited machine – magnetic forces– co-energy – multi excited magnetic field system.

## UNIT II

**DC GENERATORS :** Principle of operation and construction of DC generators - EMF equation – types of generators – magnetization and load characteristics of DC generators.

## UNIT III

**DC MOTORS :** Principle of operation and construction of DC Motors – types of DC Motors – Characteristics of DC motors – basic starting methods

for DC shunt motor – losses and efficiency – Swinburne's test – speed control of DC shunt motor – flux and Armature voltage control methods.

## UNIT IV

**TRANSFORMERS** : Principle of operation of single phase transformer – types – constructional features – phasor diagram on no-load and load – equivalent circuit, losses and efficiency of transformer - regulation of transformer – OC and SC tests – predetermination of efficiency and regulation.

## UNIT V

**INDUCTION MACHINE**: Principle of operation and construction of threephase induction motors –slip ring and squirrel cage motors – slip-torque characteristics – efficiency calculation – starting methods.

## UNIT VI

**SPECIAL MACHINES** : Principle of operation and construction - single phase induction motor - shaded pole motors – capacitor motors and AC servomotor.

#### Learning outcomes:

- 1. Able to understand the principles of electro mechanical energy conversion.
- 2. Able to explain the operation of DC generator and analyze the characteristics of DC generator.
- 3. Able to explain the principle of operation of DC motor and analyze their characteristics. Acquire the skills to analyze the starting and speed control methods of DC motors.
- 4. Capability to develop equivalent circuit and evaluate performance of transformers.
- 5. Ability to analyze speed torque characteristics of induction motor and understand starting methods of induction motor.
- 6. Capability to understand the operation of various special machines.

## TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Principles of Electrical Machines by V.K. Mehta & Rohit Mehta, S.Chand publications.
- 2. Theory & performance of Electrical Machines by J.B.Guptha, S.K.Kataria & Sons.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering by M.S.Naidu and S.Kamakshiah, TMH Publications.
- 2. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering by Rajendra Prasad, PHI Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.
- 3. Basic Electrical Engineering by Nagsarkar, Sukhija, Oxford Publications,  $2^{nd}$  edition.

T P C 0 3 2

## ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LAB

#### **PART A: Electronic Workshop Practice**

- 1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Colour Codes), Potentiometers, Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards.
- 2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of active devices, Diodes, BJTs, JFETs, LEDs, LCDs, SCR, UJT.
- 3. Soldering Practice- Simple circuits using active and passive components.
- 4. Study and operation of Ammeters, Voltmeters, Transformers, Analog and Digital Multimeter, Function Generator, Regulated Power Supply and CRO.

#### PART B: List of Experiments (For Laboratory Examination-Minimum of Ten Experiments)

- P-N Junction Diode Characteristics
   Part A: Germanium Diode (Forward bias& Reverse bias)
   Part B: Silicon Diode (Forward Bias only)
- Zener Diode Characteristics Part A: V-I Characteristics Part B: Zener Diode as Voltage Regulator
- Rectifiers (without and with c-filter) Part A: Half-wave Rectifier Part B: Full-wave Rectifier
- BJT Characteristics(CE Configuration) Part A: Input Characteristics Part B: Output Characteristics
- FET Characteristics(CS Configuration) Part A: Drain Characteristics Part B: Transfer Characteristics

- 6. SCR Characteristics
- 7. UJT Characteristics
- 8. Transistor Biasing
- 9. CRO Operation and its Measurements
- 10. BJT-CE Amplifier
- 11. Emitter Follower-CC Amplifier
- 12. FET-CS Amplifier

#### PART C: Equipment required for Laboratory

- 1. Boxes
- 2. Ammeters (Analog or Digital)
- 3. Voltmeters (Analog or Digital)
- 4. Active & Passive Electronic Components
- 5. Regulated Power supplies
- 6. Analog/Digital Storage Oscilloscopes
- 7. Analog/Digital Function Generators
- 8. Digital Multimeters
- 9. Decade Résistance Boxes/Rheostats
- 10. Decade Capacitance

T P C 0 3 2

## NETWORKS & ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY LAB

#### PART – A

### Any five experiments are to be conducted from each part

- 1. Series and Parallel Resonance Timing, Resonant frequency, Bandwidth and Q-factor determination for RLC network.
- 2. Time response of first order RC/RL network for periodic non-sinusoidal inputs time constant and steady state error determination.
- 3. Two port network parameters Z-Y Parameters, chain matrix and analytical verification.
- 4. Verification of Superposition and Reciprocity theorems.
- 5. Verification of maximum power transfer theorem. Verification on DC, verification on AC with Resistive and Reactive loads.
- 6. Experimental determination of Thevenin's and Norton's equivalent circuits and verification by direct test.

#### PART – B

- 1. Magnetization characteristics of D.C. Shunt generator. Determination of critical field resistance.
- 2. Swinburne's Test on DC shunt machine (Predetermination of efficiency of a given DC Shunt machine working as motor and generator).
- 3. Brake test on DC shunt motor. Determination of performance characteristics.
- 4. OC & SC tests on Single-phase transformer (Predetermination of efficiency and regulation at given power factors and determination of equivalent circuit).
- 5. Brake test on 3-phase Induction motor (performance characteristics).
- 6. Regulation of alternator by synchronous impedance method.